

**In the Specification:**

Please delete the paragraph from line 18, page 27 to line 2, page 28 and replace with the following, as also shown in the Version with Markings to Show the Changes Made to the Specification attached hereto:

Reduced killing of pathogens is a dire consequence of therapy with corticosteroids and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs during infection. Steven, D.L., Could Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) Enhance Progression of Bacterial Infections to Toxic Shock Syndrome?, Clin. Infect. Dis 21, 977-80 (1995); Capsoni, F.; Merino, P.L.; Zocchi, M.R.; Plebani, A.M.; Vezio, M., Effect of Corticosteroids on Neutrophil Function: Inhibition of Antibody-Dependent Cell-Mediated Cytotoxicity (ADCC), J. Immunopharmacol. 5, 217-30 (1983). This effect could be particularly dangerous in the immunocompromised host.

**In the Claims:**

Please amend the following claims as also shown in the Version with Markings to Show the Changes made to the claims by the current amendment and a Clean Set of Claims attached hereto.

13. (Twice Amended) A method for treating secondary infections in a HIV-infected individual comprising: administering to the individual a pharmaceutically appropriate amount of a KPV, wherein the KPV is anti-microbial.

15. (Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the KPV is contained in a carrier selected from the group consisting of a solution for injection, a liquid, a pill, a capsule, a cream, an ointment, a gel, a suppository, an aerosol spray, and an inhaler.

16. (Amended) A method for treating secondary infections in a HIV-infected individual comprising: administering a KPV composition in a pharmaceutically